

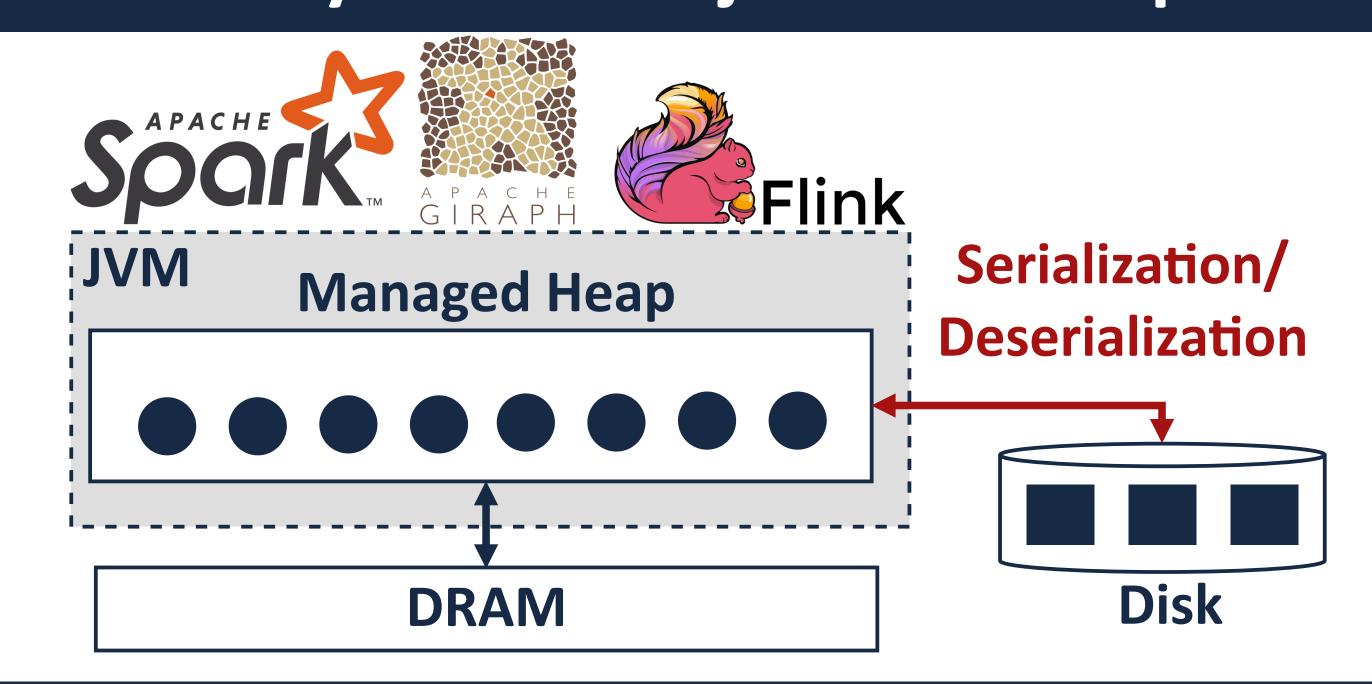
TeraHeap: Reducing Memory Pressure in Managed Big Data Frameworks

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Analytics Frameworks Need Large Heaps

- Analytics frameworks use managed runtimes
- To process large amount of data they need large heaps
- Large heaps are expensive and increase GC cost!
- DRAM is expensive in dollar cost, energy, and power
- GC requires expensive scans over large heaps

Today: Move Objects Off-heap



Serialization/Deserialization (S/D) is Terrible!

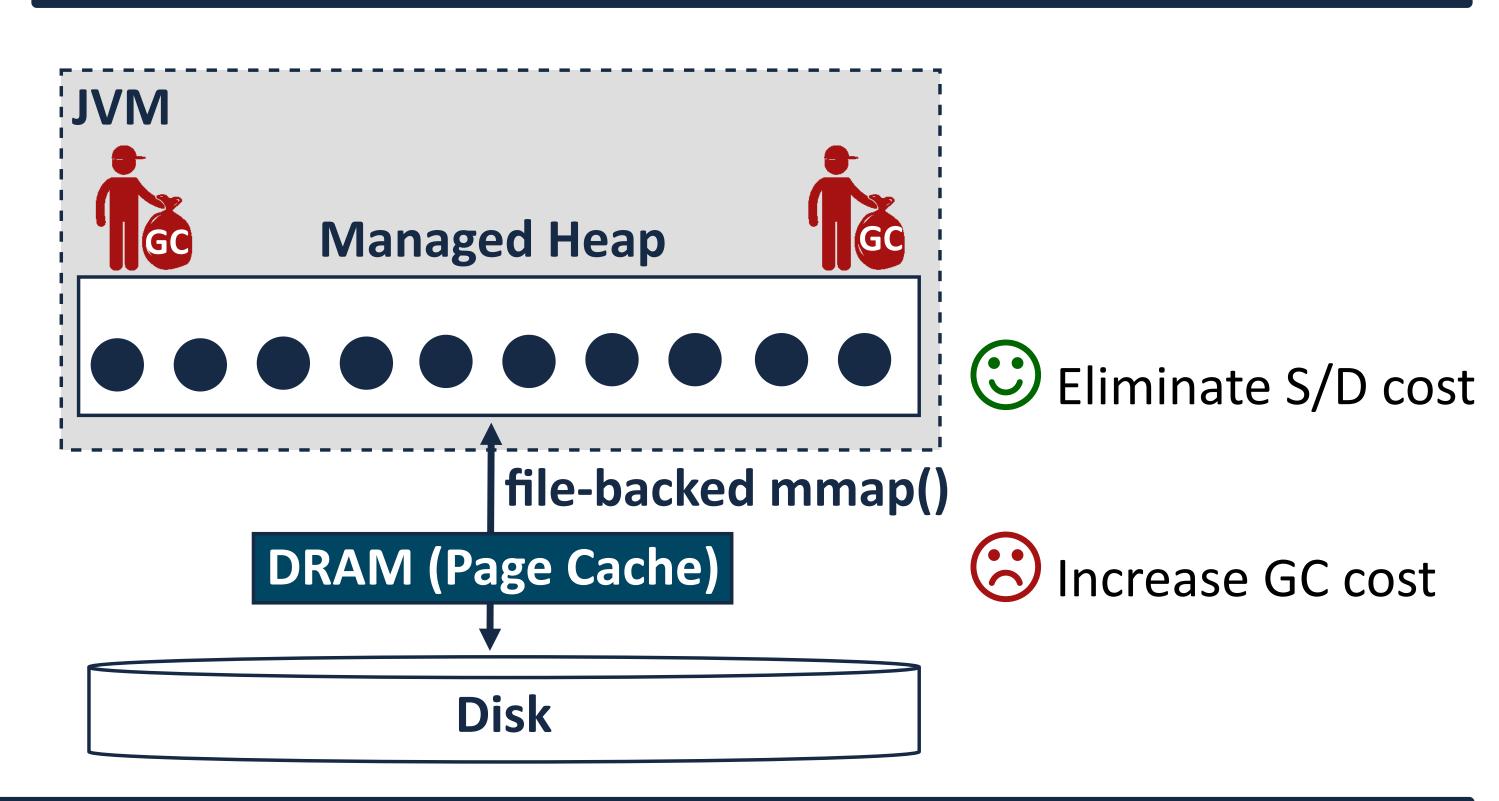
Other S/D + I/O

7000 - (s) 6000 - 47% 47% 47% 1000 -

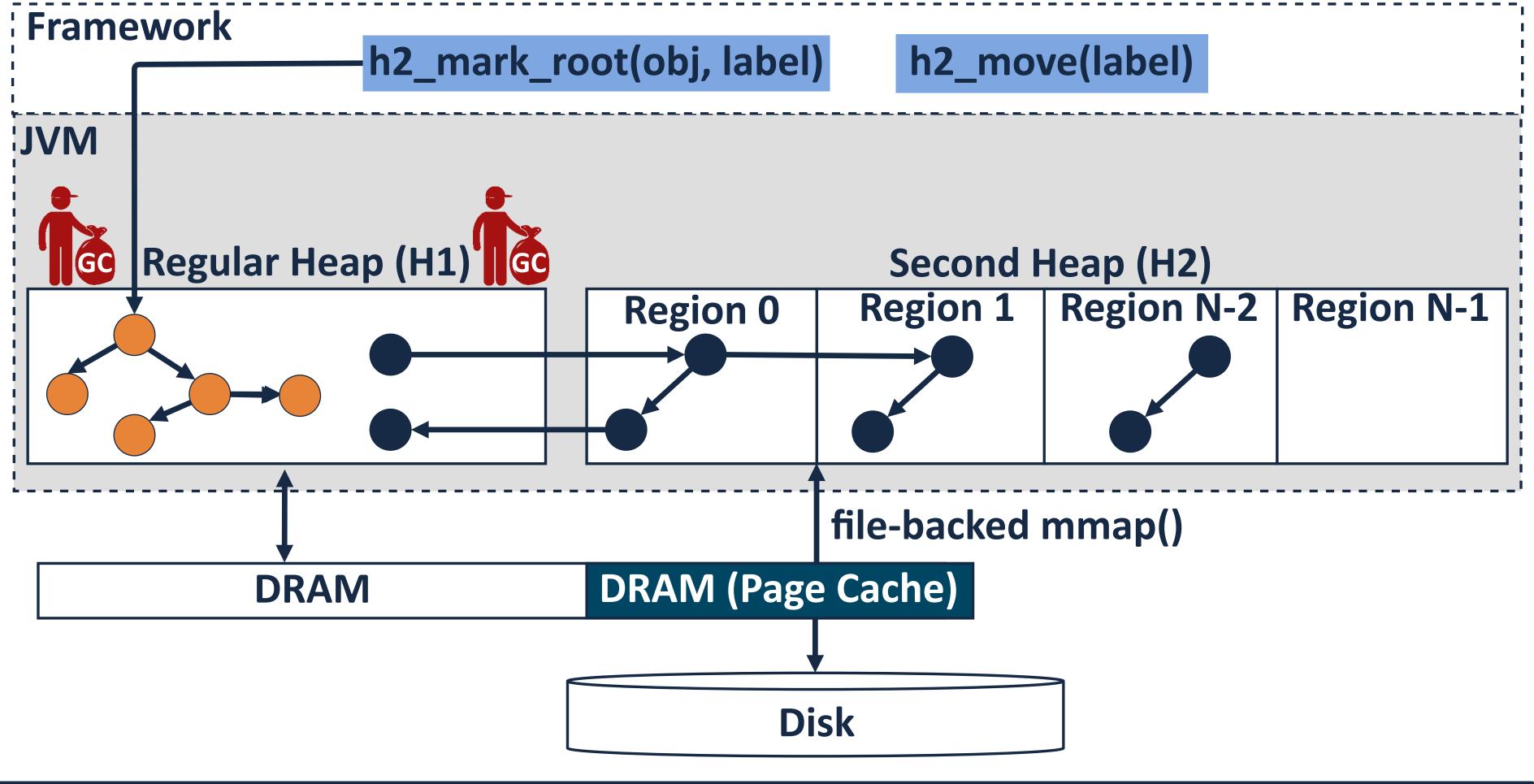
Additional complications:

- Serialization is not supported for all objects
 - Moving objects off-heap can be unsafe

Extend the Heap Over Storage



TeraHeap: Eliminates S/D Without Increasing GC Cost!



- Provide the illusion of a single managed heap
- © Eliminate S/D cost
- Avoid GC scans in the device heap

Challenges

- Identify which objects to move to H2
- Reclaim dead objects in H2 without GC scans
- Track cross-heap references with low I/O cost

Comparison With Same and Less Amount of DRAM

Native TeraHeap 1.0 0.8 0.6 PR LR LgR PR SSSP Apache Spark Apache Spark Native TeraHeap TeraHeap

Native TeraHeap

1
0.75
0.50
48 80 144 32
BRAM (GB)
Spark - PageRank
Giraph PageRank

Key Takeaways

- Analytics frameworks deal with large datasets using S/D
- TeraHeap improves Spark performance by up to 54%
- TeraHeap improves Giraph performance by up to 28%
- TaraHaan requires up to 4.6x less DRAM





